Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended December 31, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To: The Mayor and Members of Council of the Town of Okotoks

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of the Town of Okotoks which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2022, and the consolidated statements of operations, change in net financial assets and cash flow for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Town of Okotoks as at December 31, 2022, the results of its operations, change in its net financial assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Town in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Town's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Town or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Town's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT, continued

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
 detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as
 fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of
 internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Town's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- Debt Limit Regulation: In accordance with Alberta Regulation 255/2000, we confirm that the Town is in compliance with the Debt Limit Regulation. A detailed account of the Entity's debt limit can be found in note 24.
- Supplementary Accounting Principles and Standards Regulation:
 In accordance with Alberta Regulation 313/2000, we confirm that the Town is in compliance with the Supplementary Accounting Principles and Standards Regulation and note the information required can be found in note 22.

Lethbridge, Alberta

April 24, 2023

Chartered Professional Accountants

Svail LLP

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING

Management of the Town of Okotoks is responsible for the preparation, accuracy, objectivity and integrity of the accompanying consolidated financial statements and all other information contained within this Financial Report. Management believes that the consolidated financial statements present fairly the Town's financial position as at December 31, 2022 and the results of its operations for the year then ended.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in compliance with legislation, and in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards (PSAS).

The consolidated financial statements include certain amounts based on estimates and judgments. Such amounts have been determined on a reasonable basis in order to ensure the consolidated financial statements are presented fairly in all material respects.

In fulfilling its responsibilities and recognizing the limits inherent in all systems, management has designed and maintains a system of internal controls to produce reliable information and to meet reporting requirements on a timely basis. The system is designed to provide management with reasonable assurance that transactions are properly authorized and assets are properly accounted for and safeguarded.

These systems are monitored and evaluated by management and reliable financial information is available for preparation of the consolidated financial statements.

The Town Council carries out its responsibilities for review of the consolidated financial statements principally through its Audit Committee. This committee meets regularly with management and external auditors to discuss the results of audit examinations and financial reporting matters.

The external auditors have full access to the Audit Committee with and without the presence of management. The Town Council has approved the consolidated financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements have been audited by Avail LLP Chartered Professional Accountants, the independent external auditors appointed by the Town. The accompanying Independent Auditor's Report outlines their responsibilities, the scope of their examination and their opinion on the Town's consolidated financial statements.

Elaine a Vincent

Chief Administrative Officer

April 24, 2023

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION As at December 31, 2022 (\$ thousands)

	2022	2021
Financial assets		
Cash and temporary investments (note 3)	\$ 18,383 \$	33,693
Taxes and grants in place of taxes receivable (note 4)	1,827	1,596
Trade and other receivables (note 5)	9,318	7,568
Land held for resale	3,638	3,638
Loans receivable (note 6)	30	80
Inventory held for resale	99	120
Investments (note 7)	55,644	39,851
	88,939	86,546
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	10,209	9,124
Employee benefit obligations (note 8)	1,404	1,231
Deposit liabilities	1,157	1,158
Deferred revenue (note 9)	2,620	5,668
Long-term debt (note 10)	22,891	24,272
	38,281	41,453
Net financial assets	50,658	45,093
Non-financial assets		
Prepaid expenses	325	218
Inventory for consumption	45	53
Tangible capital assets (schedule 2)	404,830	402,061
	405,200	402,332
Accumulated surplus (note 11 and schedule 1)	\$ 455,858 \$	447,425

Commitments and contingencies (note 23)

Approved on behalf of Council:

Tanya Thorn

Mayor

Chair, Finance and Audit Committee

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS For the year ended December 31, 2022 (\$ thousands)

	(Ur	Budget naudited)	2022	2021
Revenue				
Net municipal taxes (note 14)	\$	31,150 \$	31,259 \$	29,954
User fees and sales of goods	,	21,113	21,426	20,196
Government transfers for operating (note 15)		4,283	4,931	5,881
Franchise and concession contracts (note 16)		4,300	4,495	3,963
Rental		3,177	3,048	1,877
Investment income		973	1,767	1,339
Penalties and costs of taxes		550	633	429
Donations		164	422	500
Gain on disposal of tangible capital assets		_	34	127
Other		402	418	891
Total revenue		66,112	68,433	65,157
Expenses (note 17)				
General government				
Council and other legislative		1,492	1,412	1,368
General administration		10,401	10,832	8,810
Protective services				
Police		5,087	4,974	5,266
Fire		6,407	6,361	5,629
Bylaw enforcement		1,549	1,432	1,299
Transportation services				
Common and equipment pool		1,759	2,082	1,840
Roads, streets, walks, lighting		7,311	6,869	6,881
Public transportation		1,301	1,409	1,041
Storm sewers and drainage		1,129	1,119	1,133
Environmental use and protection				
Water supply and distribution		4,440	4,348	4,894
Wastewater treatment and collection		4,602	3,783	3,928
Waste management		3,084	3,008	2,759
Public health and welfare				
Family and community support		1,377	1,194	1,030
Cemeteries and crematoriums		319	331	322
Planning and development				
Land use planning, zoning and development		1,966	1,892	1,939
Subdivision land and development		3,247	3,177	2,959
Recreation and culture				
Parks and recreation		16,477	15,936	14,978
Culture - libraries, museums, halls		1,220	1,142	978
Total expenses		73,168	71,301	67,054
Shortfall of revenue over expenses before other		(7,056)	(2,868)	(1,897)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS For the year ended December 31, 2022 (\$ thousands)

	Budget (Unaudited)	2022	2021
Other			
Government transfers for capital (note 15)	3,354	7,311	19,062
Developer capital contributions	-	3,990	2,192
Developer contributed assets (note 18)	=	-	2,029
Capital donations	50	-	371
	3,404	11,301	23,654
(Shortfall) excess of revenue over expenses	(3,652)	8,433	21,757
Accumulated operating surplus, beginning of year	447,425	447,425	425,668
Accumulated operating surplus, end of year	\$ 443,773 \$	455,858 \$	447,425

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN NET FINANCIAL ASSETS For the year ended December 31, 2022 (\$ thousands)

	(۱	Budget Jnaudited)	2022	2021
(Shortfall) excess of revenue over expenses	\$	(3,652) \$	8,433 \$	21,757
Acquisition of tangible capital assets Amortization of tangible capital assets Developer contributed assets Gain on disposal of tangible capital assets Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets		(20,442) 12,385 - - -	(15,158) 12,369 - (28) 48	(24,590) 12,656 (2,029) (103) 278
		(8,057)	(2,769)	(13,788)
Net change in inventory for consumption Net change in prepaid expense		-	8 (107)	8 154
			(99)	162
Increase in net financial assets Net financial assets, beginning of year		(11,709) 45,093	5,565 45,093	8,131 36,962
Net financial assets, end of year	\$	33,384 \$	50,658 \$	45,093

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW For the year ended December 31, 2022 (\$ thousands)

	2022	2021
Operating transactions		
Annual surplus Adjustments for items which do not affect cash	\$ 8,433 \$	21,757
Gain on disposal of tangible capital assets Amortization of tangible capital assets Developer contributed assets	(28) 12,369 -	(103) 12,656 (2,029)
Not ahanga in non each working conital items	20,774	32,281
Net change in non-cash working capital items Taxes and grants in place of taxes receivable Trade and other receivables Inventory held for resale Land held for resale	(231) (1,749) 21	748 1,027 9 (325)
Loans receivable Inventory for consumption	50 8 (407)	70 8 154
Prepaid expenses Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Employee benefit obligations Deposit liabilities Deferred revenue	(107) 1,085 173 (1) (3,048)	(1,880) 19 (150) (892)
Cash provided by operating transactions	16,975	31,069
Capital transactions Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets Acquisition of tangible capital assets	48 (15,158)	278 (24,590)
Cash applied to capital transactions	(15,110)	(24,312)
Investing transactions Increase in investments	(15,794)	(1,064)
Financing transactions Proceeds of long-term debt Repayment of long-term debt	- (1,381)	7,000 (1,172)
Cash applied to financing transactions	(1,381)	5,828
(Decrease) increase in cash and temporary investments	(15,310)	11,521
Cash and temporary investments, beginning of year	33,693	22,172
Cash and temporary investments, end of year	\$ 18,383 \$	33,693

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
For the year ended December 31, 2022
(\$ thousands)

1. Significant accounting policies

The consolidated financial statements of the Town of Okotoks are the representations of management prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for local governments established by the Public Sector Accounting Board of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada. Significant aspects of the accounting policies adopted by the Town are as follows:

(a) Reporting entity

The consolidated financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses, changes in fund balances and change in financial position of the reporting entity which comprises all of the organizations that are owned or controlled by the Town and are, therefore, accountable to the Council for the administration of their financial affairs and resources.

Taxes levied also includes requisitions for educational, health care, social and other external organizations that are not part of the municipal reporting entity.

The statements exclude trust assets that are administered for the benefit of external parties. Interdepartmental and organizational transactions and balances are eliminated.

(b) Basis of accounting

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting records revenue as it is earned and measurable. Expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable based upon receipt of goods or services and/or the legal obligation to pay.

Funds from external parties and earnings thereon restricted by agreement or legislation are accounted for as deferred revenue until used for the purpose specified.

Government transfers, contributions and other amounts are received from third parties pursuant to legislation, regulation or agreement and may only be used for certain programs, in the completion of specific work, or for the purchase of tangible capital assets. In addition, certain user charges and fees are collected for which the related services have yet to be performed. Revenue is recognized in the period when the related expenses are incurred, services performed or the tangible capital assets are acquired.

(c) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expense during the period. Where measurement uncertainty exists, the financial statements have been prepared within reasonable limits of materiality. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
For the year ended December 31, 2022
(\$ thousands)

1. Significant accounting policies, continued

(d) Investments

Investments are recorded at amortized cost. Investment premiums and discounts are amortized on the net present value basis over the term of the respective investments. When there has been a loss in value that is other than a temporary decline, the respective investment is written down to recognize the loss.

(e) Inventories for resale

Land held for resale is recorded at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost includes costs for land acquisition and improvements required to prepare the land for servicing such as clearing, stripping, and leveling charges. Related development costs incurred to provide infrastructure such as water and waste water services, roads, sidewalks, and street lighting are recorded as physical assets under their respective function.

(f) Debt charges recoverable

Debt charges recoverable consist of amounts that are recoverable from municipal agencies or other local governments with respect to outstanding debentures or other long-term debt pursuant to annexation orders or joint capital undertakings. These recoveries are recorded at a value that equals the offsetting portion of the unmatured long-term debt, less actuarial requirements for the retirement of any sinking fund debentures.

(g) Tax revenue

Tax revenues are recognized when the tax has been authorized by bylaw and the taxable event has occurred.

Requisitions operate as a flow through and are excluded from municipal revenue.

(h) Contaminated sites liability

Contaminated sites are a result of contamination being introduced into air, soil, water or sediment of a chemical, organic or radioactive material or live organism that exceeds an environmental standard. The liability is recorded net of any expected recoveries. A liability for remediation of a contaminated site is recognized when a site is not in productive use and is management's estimate of the cost of post-remediation including operation, maintenance and monitoring.

(i) Government transfers

Government transfers are the transfer of assets from senior levels of government that are not the result of an exchange transaction, are not expected to be repaid in the future, or the result of a direct financial return.

Government transfers are recognized in the financial statements as revenue in the period in which events giving rise to the transfer occur, providing the transfers are authorized, any eligibility criteria have been met, and reasonable estimates of the amounts can be determined.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
For the year ended December 31, 2022
(\$ thousands)

1. Significant accounting policies, continued

(i) Non-financial assets

Non-financial assets are not available to discharge existing liabilities and are held for use in the provision of services. They have useful lives extending beyond the current year and are not intended for sale in the normal course of operations. The change in non-financial assets during the year, together with the excess of revenues over expenses, provides the consolidated Change in Net Financial Assets for the year.

(i) Tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost which includes all amounts that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the asset. The cost, less residual value, of the tangible capital assets is amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life as follows:

	Years	
Land improvements	15-75	
Buildings	25-50	
Engineered structures	25-75	
Machinery and equipment	3-25	
Vehicles	10-25	

Amortization is charged in the month of acquisition and in the month of disposal. Assets under construction are not amortized until the asset is available for productive use.

(ii) Contributions of tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets received as contributions are recorded at fair value at the date of receipt and also are recorded as revenue.

(iii) Leases

Leases are classified as capital or operating leases. Leases which transfer substantially all of the benefits and risks incidental to ownership of property are accounted for as capital leases. All other leases are accounted for as operating leases and the related lease payments are charged to expenses as incurred.

(iv) Inventories

Inventories held for consumption are recorded at the lower of cost and replacement cost.

(v) Cultural and historical tangible capital assets

Works of art for display are not recorded as tangible capital assets but are disclosed.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
For the year ended December 31, 2022
(\$ thousands)

2. Future accounting pronouncements

The following summarizes the upcoming changes to the Public Sector Accounting Standards by the Public Sector Accounting Board (PSAB):

(a) PS1201 - Financial statement presentation

This standard requires a new statement of remeasurement gains and losses separate from the statement of operations. The statement will include the unrealized gains and losses arising from the remeasurement of financial instruments and items denominated in a foreign currency. This standard is effective for fiscal years beginning on or after April 1, 2022.

(b) PS3450 - Financial instruments

This section establishes recognition, measurement, and disclosure requirements for derivative and non-derivative instruments. The standard requires fair value measurements of derivative instruments and equity instruments; all other financial instruments can be measured at either cost or fair value depending upon elections made by the government. Unrealized gains and losses will be presented on the new statement of remeasurement gains and losses arising from the adoption of PS1201. There will also be a requirement to disclose the nature and extent of risks arising from financial instruments and clarification is given for the de-recognition of financial liabilities. As the Town does not invest in derivatives or equity instruments based on its investment policy, it is anticipated that the adoption of this standard will have a minimal impact on the Town. This standard is effective for fiscal years beginning on or after April 1, 2022.

(c) PS2601 - Foreign currency translation

This section establishes guidance on the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies. The section requires monetary assets and liabilities, denominated in a foreign currency and non-monetary items valued at fair value denominated in a foreign currency to be adjusted to reflect the exchange rates in effect at the financial statement date. The resulting unrealized gains and losses are to be presented in the new statement of remeasurement gains and losses. This standard is effective for fiscal years beginning on or after April 1, 2022.

(d) PS3041 - Portfolio investments

This section removes the distinction between temporary and portfolio investments and provides additional guidance on recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of portfolio investments. Upon adoption of this section portfolio investments will no longer be applicable. This standard is effective for fiscal years beginning on or after April 1, 2022.

The requirements in PS1201, PS3450, PS2601 and PS3041 are required to be implemented at the same time.

(d) PS3280 - Asset retirement obligations

Under this new standard, an asset retirement obligation (ARO) is a legal obligation associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset controlled by a public sector entity. An ARO will include post-retirement operation, maintenance, and monitoring costs. A liability will be recognized when specific criteria are met, with a corresponding increase to the carrying amount of the related tangible capital asset and expensing the amount in a rational and systematic manner. This new standard will replace the current standard for "Liability for Contaminated Sites" and will be effective for fiscal years beginning on or after April 1, 2022.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
For the year ended December 31, 2022
(\$ thousands)

2. Future accounting pronouncements, continued

(e) PS3400 - Revenue

The new standard establishes overall guidance on how to account for and report revenue. The standard makes a distinction between transactions that include performance obligations (exchange transactions) and those that do not (non-exchange transactions). A performance obligation is an enforceable promise to provide specific goods or services to a specific payor. Revenue from transactions with performance obligations is recognized as the public sector entity satisfies a performance obligation by providing the goods or services to a payor. Once a performance obligation is identified, an assessment is needed to determine whether revenue recognition occurs over a period of time or at a point in time. Earlier adoption is permitted. This standard is effective for fiscal years beginning on or after April 1, 2023.

(f) PS3160 - Public private partnerships

This standard will provide guidance on the accounting for a public private partnership (P3). Earlier adoption is permitted. This standard is effective for fiscal years beginning on or after April 1, 2023.

(g) PSG-8 - Purchased intangibles

This guideline will allow recognition of purchased intangibles as assets. Earlier adoption is permitted. This standard is effective for fiscal years beginning on or after April 1, 2023.

The Town is continuing to assess the impact as it prepares for the adoption of these standards.

3. Cash and temporary investments

The Town has authorized a line of credit with TD Commercial Banking to a maximum of \$6,100. The line of credit bears interest at the prime rate. As at December 31, 2022, the line of credit was undrawn.

Included in cash is \$1,157 (2021 - \$1,158) of deposit liability funds which are not available for current purposes.

4. Taxes and grants in place of taxes receivables

	2022	2021
Taxes and grants in place of taxes receivable Arrears	\$ 1,684 143	\$ 1,246 350
	\$ 1,827	\$ 1,596

30 \$

80

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended December 31, 2022 (\$ thousands)

	2022	202
Utility accounts	\$ 2,445 \$	2,71
Provincial grants	2,362	-
Offsite levies	1,910	1,93
Trade receivables	1,560	2,03
Investment receivables	546	25
Recreation receivables	323	31
GST	217	21
Federal grants	-	16
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(45)	(6
	\$ 9,318 \$	7,56
Loans receivable		
	2022	20

An agreement was signed between Foothills Dawg's Baseball Club Ltd. and the Town in 2014 to fund stadium improvements. The loan is interest free and is to be fully repaid on October 31, 2023.

7. Investments

	2022			2021			
	Cost	st Market value			Cost	N	larket value
Bonds	\$ 55,644	\$	52,017	\$	39,851	\$	39,509

The investments consist of bonds and principal protected notes that earn interest at rates between 1.57% and 4.86% with maturity dates between 2023 and 2032.

8. Employee benefit obligations

Foothills Dawg's Baseball Club

	2022	2021
Vacation and overtime Long-term service benefit Health care spending account	\$ 755 458 191	\$ 645 429 157
	\$ 1,404	\$ 1,231

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended December 31, 2022 (\$ thousands)

8. Employee benefit obligations, continued

Vacation and overtime

The vacation and overtime liability is comprised of amounts that employees are deferring to future years. Employees have either earned the benefits (and they are vested) or are entitled to these benefits within the next budgetary year.

Long service benefits

The long service benefit liability is comprised of one day salary per year of service (at current pay rates) for those employees with ten or more years of service, as per policy. The liability will be paid upon retirement subject to compliance with the terms and arrangements at that time.

Health care spending account

The health care spending account liability is comprised of unused balances in employees accounts, which can be carried forward for up to two years.

9. Deferred revenue

		Balance,			Balance,
	be	ginning of	Received		end of
		year	(Refunded)	Recognized	year
Municipal Sustainability Initiative					
- capital	\$	3,372 \$	950 \$	4,322 \$	-
Municipal Sustainability Initiative					
- operating		-	219	219	-
Alberta Municipal					
Water/Wastewater Partnership		-	1,000	1,000	-
Services not yet provided		1,297	3,517	2,305	2,509
Canada Community-Building					
Fund		348	1,411	1,759	-
Green Trip		225	(105)	120	-
Basic Municipal Transportation					
grant		102	-	102	-
Family and Community Support					
Services		256	-	253	3
General administrative grants		55	71	37	89
Resource Centre grant		13	19	13	19
	\$	5,668 \$	7,082 \$	10,130 \$	2,620

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended December 31, 2022 (\$ thousands)

10. Long-term debt

	2022	2021
Tax-supported debt	\$ 5,684	\$ 6,260
Self-supported debt		
Offsites Offsites future capital projects	15,413 1,384	14,343 3,000
Utilities	410	669
Self-supported debt	17,207	18,012
	\$ 22,891	\$ 24,272
Current portion	\$ 1,263	\$ 1,381

Tax-supported debt represents the amount funded by municipal taxes. Self-supported debt represents the amount funded through self-supported municipal operations including offsite levies collected from developers, water, and sanitary.

Principal and interest repayments are due as follows:

		Principal		Interest		Total
2023	\$	1,263	\$	596	\$	1,859
2024	Ψ	1,031	Ψ	558	Ψ	1,589
2025		915		531		1,446
2026		940		506		1,446
2027		965		480		1,445
Thereafter		17,777		3,964		21,741
	\$	22,891	\$	6,635	\$	29,526

Debenture debt is repayable to the Treasury Board and Finance. Debentures outstanding at December 31 bear interest at rates ranging from 2.42% to 4.61% (2021 - 2.27% to 4.61%) per annum, before Provincial subsidy, and mature in periods 2023 through 2046.

Debenture debt is issued on the credit and security of the Town at large.

Interest on long-term debt amounted to \$636 (2021 - \$557).

The Town's total cash payments for interest in 2022 were \$642 (2021 - \$509).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended December 31, 2022 (\$ thousands)

11. Accumulated surplus

Accumulated surplus consists of internally restricted and unrestricted amounts and equity in tangible capital assets as follows:

	2022	2021
Unrestricted surplus Internally restricted surplus (reserves) (note 12) Equity in tangible capital assets (note 13)	\$ 22,810 49,725 383,323	\$ 21,173 45,463 380,789
Equity in tangible capital assets (note 10)	 455,858	 447,425

12. Reserves

Reserves for operating and capital activities are as follows:

	2022	2021
Operating		
Infrastructure services	\$ 9,928	\$ 9,688
Corporate	2,410	2,324
Family & Community Support Services	7	7
	12,345	12,019
Capital		
Corporate	32,308	30,448
Community services	4,553	4,486
Infrastructure services	519	(1,490)
	37,380	33,444
	\$ 49,725	\$ 45,463

13. Equity in tangible capital assets

	2022	2021
Tangible capital assets (schedule 2) Accumulated amortization (schedule 2) Long-term debt (note 10) Long-term debt - future capital projects (note 10)	\$ 563,435 \$ (158,605) (22,891) 1,384	549,374 (147,313) (24,272) 3,000
	\$ 383,323 \$	380,789

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended December 31, 2022 (\$ thousands)

	(۱	Budget Jnaudited)	2022	20
Taxation Real property taxes Linear property taxes and Provincial DIP Government grants in place of property taxes Special assessments and local improvements	\$	47,139 388 5 3	\$ 47,278 388 5 3	\$ 45,5 3
		47,535	47,674	45,9
Requisitions Alberta School Foundation Fund Seniors Lodge Christ the Redeemer Catholic Separate Okotoks Library Board Provincial DIP		13,136 645 1,586 1,016 2	13,166 645 1,586 1,016 2	12,9 6 1,5 8
		16,385	16,415	 16,0
	\$	31,150	\$ 31,259	\$ 29,9
Government transfers		Budget	2022	20
	<u>(</u> l	Jnaudited)		
Transfers for operating: Provincial government Federal government Other local government transfers Transfer from local boards and agencies	<u>(</u> (\$ 1,802 44 2,992 93	\$ 2,6
Provincial government Federal government Other local government transfers	,	1,586 9 2,597	\$ 44 2,992	\$ 2,9 2,6 1 5,8

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended December 31, 2022 (\$ thousands)

Franchise and concession contracts				
	(Budget Unaudited)	2022	202
ATCO* - natural gas Fortis - electricity	\$	1,200 3,100	\$ 1,299 3,196	\$ 99 2,97
	\$	4,300	\$ 4,495	\$ 3,96
*Net of property tax			\$ 166	\$ 16
Expenses by object				
	(Budget Unaudited)	2022	202
Salaries, wages and benefits Contracted and general services Materials, goods, supplies and utilities Bank charges and short term interest Interest on long term debt	\$	29,956 16,489 7,429 80 636	\$ 30,111 14,505 7,203 117 636	\$ 27,08 14,47 5,98 8
Other expenditures Transfers to organizations and others Purchases from other governments Provision (recovery) for allowances Amortization of tangible capital assets Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets		544 5,649 - 12,385	- 414 5,922 18 12,369 6	3, 5,84 2 12,6
Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets	\$	- 73,168	\$ 71,301	\$ 67,0
Developer contributed assets Contributed assets consist of the following assets	ets, by	type:		
			2022	20:
Storm Water Sanitary			\$ - - -	\$ 91 64 47
			\$ -	\$ 2,02

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
For the year ended December 31, 2022
(\$ thousands)

19. Local authorities pension plan

Employees of the Town participate in the Local Authorities Pension Plan (LAPP), which is one of the plans covered by the Alberta Public Sector Pensions Plans Act. The plan serves about 281,764 people and 435 employers. The LAPP is financed by the employer and employee contributions and by investment earnings of the LAPP Fund.

Contributions for current service are recorded as expenditures in the year in which they become due.

The Town is required to make current service contributions to the LAPP of 8.45% of pensionable earnings up to the year's maximum pensionable earnings under the Canada Pension Plan and 12.80% on pensionable earnings above this amount. Employees of the Town are required to make current service contributions of 7.45% of pensionable salary up to the year's maximum pensionable salary and 11.80% on pensionable salary above this amount.

Total current service contributions by the Town to the LAPP in 2022 were \$1,824 (2021 - \$1,933). Total current service contributions by the employees of the Town to the LAPP in 2022 were \$1,637 (2021 - \$1,753).

At December 31, 2021, the LAPP disclosed an actuarial surplus of \$11.9 billion.

20. APEX Supplementary Pension Plan

The APEX supplementary pension plan, an Alberta Urban Municipalities Association (AUMA) sponsored defined benefit pension plan covered under the provisions of the Alberta Employment Pension Plans Act, commenced on January 1, 2003 and provides supplementary pension benefits to a prescribed class of employees. The plan supplements the Local Authorities Pension Plan.

Contributions are made by the prescribed class of employees and the Town. Employees and the Town are required to make current service contributions to APEX of 2.61% (2021 - 2.61%) and 3.85% (2021 - 3.85%) respectively of pensionable earnings up to \$171 (2021 - \$162).

Total current service contributions by the Town to APEX in 2022 were \$113 (2021 - \$117). Total current service contributions by the employees of the Town were \$77 (2021 - \$79).

21. Segmented disclosure

The Town provides a range of services to its ratepayers. For each reported segment, revenues and expenses represent both amounts that are directly attributable to the segment and amounts that are allocated on a reasonable basis. The accounting policies used in these segments are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the financial statements, disclosed in note 1.

Refer to the schedule of segmented disclosure (schedule 3).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
For the year ended December 31, 2022
(\$ thousands)

22. Salary and benefits disclosure

Disclosure of salaries and benefits for elected municipal officials, the chief administrative officer and designated officers as required by Alberta Regulation 313/2000 is as follows:

	(1)	(2)		
		Benefits &		
	Salary	allowances	2022	2021
Council				
T. Thorn, Mayor	\$ 96 \$	6 \$	102 \$	57
C. Actemichuk	44	3	47	9
O. Hallmark	45	8	53	10
K. Heemeryck	44	1	45	45
G. Lang	43	1	44	8
B. Robinson	43	6	49	9
R. Swendseid	43	1	44	8
W. Robertson, Mayor	-	-	-	54
F. Christophers	-	-	-	42
M. Rockley	-	-	-	42
E. Sands	-	-	-	41
R. Watrin	-	-	-	42
Chief Administrative Officer	\$ 288 \$	44 \$	332 \$	333

- (1) Salary includes regular base pay, bonuses, overtime, lump sum payments, gross honoraria, vacation payouts and any other direct cash remuneration.
- (2) Benefits and allowances include the employer's share of all employee benefits and contributions or payments made on behalf of employees including pension, health care, dental coverage, vision coverage, group life insurance, accidental disability and dismemberment insurance, long- and short-term disability plans, professional memberships, and tuition.

Benefits and allowances figures also include the employer's share of the costs of additional taxable benefits including special leave with pay, financial planning services, retirement planning services, concessionary loans, travel allowances, car allowances, and club memberships.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
For the year ended December 31, 2022
(\$ thousands)

23. Commitments and contingencies

- a) The Town of Okotoks is a member of the Alberta Local Authorities Reciprocal Insurance Exchange. Under the terms of membership, the Town could become liable for its proportionate share of any claim losses in excess of the funds held by the exchange. Any liability incurred would be accounted for as a current transaction in the year the losses are determined.
- b) No provisions have been made for any potential legal claims that may be filed against the Town, as management believes the Town has minimal exposure as at December 31, 2022.
- c) The Town also participates in the following boards, authorities and associations:
 - Drake Landing Solar Community
 - Foothills Regional Emergency Services Commission
 - Foothills Regional Services Commission
 - Okotoks Public Library Board
 - Westwinds Communities
- d) In 2017 the Town finalized an annexation agreement with Foothills County which resulted in land being annexed into the Town. As part of the agreement, the Town will pay the County a total of \$2,000, \$1,400 of which was paid in 2017 to 2022. The remaining balance will be paid in increments of \$200 annually. The last payment is expected to be paid by July 2025.

24. Debt limits

Section 276(2) of the Municipal Government Act requires that debt and debt limits as defined by Alberta Regulation 255/00 for the Town be disclosed as follows:

	2022	2021
Total debt limit * Total debt	\$ 108,634 22,891	\$ 101,022 24,272
	\$ 85,743	\$ 76,750
Debt servicing limit * Debt servicing	\$ 18,106 1,859	\$ 16,837 2,023
	\$ 16,247	\$ 14,814

The debt limit is calculated at 1.5 times revenue of the municipality (as defined in Alberta Regulation 255/00) and the debt service limit is calculated at 0.25 times such revenue. Incurring debt beyond these limitations requires approval by the Minister of Municipal Affairs. These thresholds are guidelines used by Alberta Municipal Affairs to identify municipalities which could be at financial risk if further debt is acquired. The calculation taken alone does not represent the financial stability of the municipality. Rather, the financial statements must be interpreted as a whole.

^{*} The Town has internally restricted the Debt Limit and Debt Servicing Limit amounts to 75% of the values permissible by Alberta Regulation 255/00, or \$81,476 and \$13,579 respectively.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended December 31, 2022 (\$ thousands)

25. **Contaminated sites liability**

The Town has adopted PS3260 liability for contaminated sites. The Town has not identified any financial liabilities as a result of this standard.

Financial instruments 26.

The Town's financial instruments consist of cash and temporary investments, accounts receivable, investments, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, deposit liabilities, and longterm debt. It is management's opinion that the Town is not exposed to significant interest or currency risk arising from these financial instruments.

The Town is subject to credit risk with respect to taxes and grants in place of taxes receivables and trade and other receivables. Credit risk arises from the possibility that taxpayers and entities to which the Town provides services may experience financial difficulty and be unable to fulfil their obligations. The large number and diversity of taxpayers and customers minimizes the credit risk.

Unless otherwise noted, the carrying value of the financial instrument approximates fair value.

27. Approval of financial statements

These financial statements were approved by Council and Management.

28. **Budget amounts**

The 2022 budget for the Town was approved by Council on December 13, 2021 and has been reported in the consolidated financial statements for information purposes only. These budget amounts have not been audited, reviewed, or otherwise verified.

The approved budget contained reserve transfers, capital additions and principal payments on debt as expenditures. Since these items are not included in the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements, they have been excluded from the budget amounts presented in these financial statements.

Budgeted	Budgeted deficit per financial statements					
Less:	Capital expenditures Long-term debt repayments		(20,442) (1,381)			
Add:	Transfers to reserves Amortization Transfers from reserves		(6,410) 12,385 19,500			
Equals:	Balanced budget	\$	-			

29. Comparative figures

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the financial statement presentation adopted in the current year.

SCHEDULES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended December 31, 2022 (\$ thousands)

Schedule of changes in accumulated surplus Sche												
	Unrestricted		Equity in tangible Restricted capital assets			2022	2021					
Balance, beginning of year Annual surplus Unrestricted funds	\$	21,173 8,433	\$	45,463 -	\$	380,789 \$ -	447,425 \$ 8,433	425,668 21,757				
designated for future use Restricted funds used for		(13,887)		13,887		-	-	-				
operations		3,394		(3,394)		-	-	-				
Restricted funds used for tangible capital assets		-		(6,231)		6,231	-	-				
Current year funds used for tangible capital assets		(8,927)		-		8,927	-	-				
Disposal of tangible capital assets		20		-		(20)	-	-				
Amortization of tangible capital assets		12,369		-		(12,369)	-	-				
Long-term debt repaid Long-term debt		(1,381)		-		1,381	-	-				
spent on capital		1,616		-		(1,616)	-	-				
Change in accumulated surplus		1,637		4,262		2,534	8,433	21,757				
Balance, end of year	\$	22,810	\$	49,725	\$	383,323 \$	455,858 \$	447,425				

TOWN OF OKOTOKS
SCHEDULES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
For the year ended December 31, 2022
(\$ thousands)

chedule of tangible capital assets														
	Land	Land improvements	Buildings	Engineered structures	Machinery and equipment	Vehicles	Construction in progress	2022	2021					
Cost:														
Balance, beginning of year\$	38,021							549,374 \$						
Acquisitions	-	21	228	26	569	745	13,569	15,158	26,619					
Transfers	-	1,171	-	-	2,015	869	(4,055)	-	-					
Disposals	-	(14)	-	-	(788)	(295)	-	(1,097)	(1,673					
Balance, end of year	38,021	35,340	131,785	293,673	35,333	7,865	21,417	563,435	549,374					
Accumulated amortization:														
Balance, beginning of year	-	15,096	29,617	82,165	16,786	3,649	_	147,313	136,155					
Annual amortization	-	1,266	2,868	6,029	1.672	534	_	12,369	12,656					
Disposals	-	(11)	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	(757)	(309)	-	(1,077)	(1,498					
Balance, end of year	=	16,351	32,485	88,194	17,701	3,874	-	158,605	147,313					
Net book value \$	38,021	\$ 18,989	99,300	\$ 205,479	\$ 17,632 \$	3,991	\$ 21,417 \$	404,830 \$	402,061					
2021 net book value \$	38,021	\$ 19,066	101,940	\$ 211,482	\$ 16,751 \$	2,897	\$ 11,903 \$	402,061						

TOWN OF OKOTOKS SCHEDULE TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended December 31, 2022 (\$ thousands)

Schedule of segmented disclosure																Schedule 3	
		General government		Protective services		Transportation services		Environmental services		Public health services		Planning and development		Recreation and culture		Total	
Revenue																	
Net municipal taxes	\$	31,259	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	31,259	
User fees and sales of goods	•	523	*	774	•	1,292	*	14,815	*	221	-	2,455	*	1,346	*	21,426	
Government transfers for operating		163		1.450		21		550		919		84		1,744		4,931	
Franchise and concession contracts		4,495		-		_		_		_		_		_		4,495	
Rental		388		216		_		_		_		22		2,420		3,048	
Investment income		1.767				_		_		_		-		_,		1.767	
Penalties and costs of taxes		491		_		14		124		_		_		5		633	
Donations		300		_				_		14		_		109		422	
Gain on disposal of capital assets		-		_		_		25				_		8		34	
Other		49		36		34		130		_		27		143		418	
		39,435		2,476		1,361		15,644		1,154		2,588		5,775		68,433	
Expenses				•		,		·		,		·		•			
Salaries, wages and benefits		7,179		6,418		1,912		3.043		828		3,719		7.012		30,111	
Contracted and general services		2,999		695		2,307		3,171		124		1,245		3,964		14,505	
Materials, goods, supplies and utilities		418		409		2,517		1,434		88		19		2,318		7,203	
Bank charges and short term interest		21		3		- 1				-		35		58		117	
Interest on long term debt		417		192		_		27		-		_		_		636	
Transfers to organizations and others		3		_		_		_		405		_		6		414	
Purchases from other governments		201		4,429		186		244		_		51		811		5.922	
Provision for allowances		1		17		-				_		-		_		18	
Amortization of tangible capital assets		999		604		4,555		3,221		80		_		2,910		12,369	
Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets		3		-		3		-		-		-		-		6	
		12,241		12,767		11,480		11,140		1,525		5,069		17,079		71,301	
Excess (shortfall) of revenue over expenses before		07.40		(40.00.1)		(10.116)		4.50		(07.1)		(0.401)		(44.00.0)		(0.005)	
<u>other</u>		27,194		(10,291)		(10,119)		4,504		(371)		(2,481)		(11,304)		(2,868)	
Other																	
Government transfers for capital		33		178		1,602		1,000		-		_		4,498		7,311	
Developer capital contributions		-		-		1,480		2,008		-		-		502		3,990	
		33		178		3,082		3,008		_		_		5,000		11,301	
Excess (shortfall) of revenue over expenses	\$	27,227	\$	(10,113)	\$	(7,037)	\$	7,512	\$	(371)	\$	(2,481)	\$	(6,304)	\$	8,433	